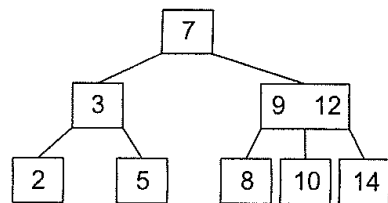


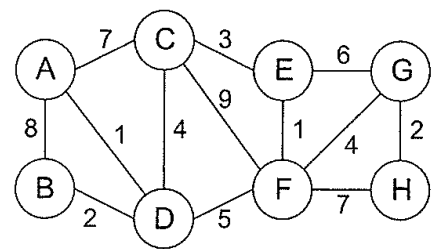
Please use C++ (or Java) for all programming problems.

1. (10 %) Write a recursive function `isPrime` that will return a Boolean value `true` if the given number is a prime number. Otherwise, it will return `false`.
2. (10 %) Write a function called `removeNegativeNodes` that traverses a singly linked list and deletes all nodes whose keys are negative.
3. (10 %) A binary tree has eight nodes. The inorder and postorder traversals of the tree are given below. Please draw the tree.
 Inorder: NTUABHSG
 Postorder: NUTHGSBA
4. (10 %) A binary search tree is a special instance of a graph. Describe (no code) an algorithm that takes a binary search tree as input and produces an adjacency list, which represents it as an undirected graph.
5. (10 %) Given that both x and y are positive variables that can grow arbitrarily large, prove that $\max\{x, y\} \in \Theta(x + y)$.

6. (10 %) What does the 2-3-4 tree on the right look like after `remove(2)`?



7. (15 %) For the graph as shown:
 - (a) (8 %) Give the adjacency matrix representation.
 - (b) (7 %) Draw the minimum spanning tree.



8. (15 %) Sorting.
 - (a) (5 %) Apply mergesort and trace it on arrays $A = [1 \ 6 \ 25 \ 30]$ and $B = [3 \ 14 \ 28 \ 32 \ 36]$.
 - (b) (10 %) Trace the heapsort as it sorts the following array into ascending order:
 $[9 \ 12 \ 4 \ 8 \ 3 \ 11 \ 6 \ 15]$.
9. (10 %) For the inputs $\{4, 11, 17, 14, 23, 8, 31\}$ and a hash function $h(x) = x \bmod 7$, show the linear probing hash table of size 7.