國立臺灣大學107學年度碩士班招生考試試題

題號: 431 科目:應用電子學

節次: 7

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*請依題號順序作答

A. (25%) Please answer the following questions in few sentences and/or drawings

- Please explain the principle of superposition briefly. (5%)
- Please list 5 physical limitations of operational amplifiers and explain them briefly. (10%) 2.
- Please list a noise coupling mechanism and explain it briefly. (5%)
- Please explain the gain-bandwidth product in filter design. (5%)

B. (75%) Calculations

1. Wheatstone bridge circuit shown in Fig. 1 has been applied in many applications. Please find the value of the voltage $V_{ab} = V_a - V_b$. in terms of resistors and V_s . (10%)

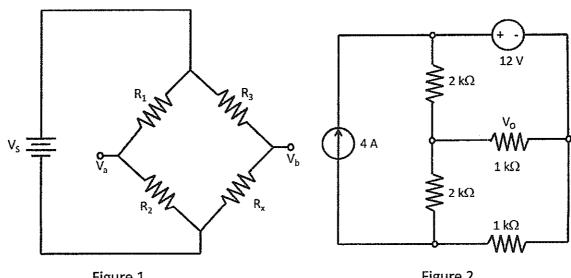
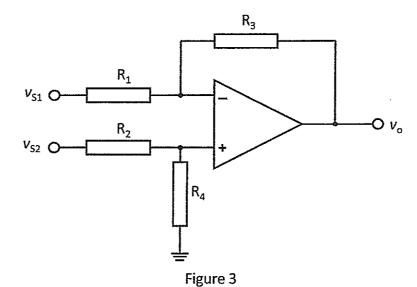


Figure 1.

- Figure 2.
- 2. Please find Vo in the circuit shown in Fig. 2 (10%)
- 3. Assume the op-amp is ideal for this problem. As shown in Fig. 3, determine an expression for, and numerical value of the output voltage. (15%)

$$v_{S1} = 2.9 \times 10^{-3} \cos(\omega t) \text{ V}; v_{S2} = 3.1 \times 10^{-3} \cos(\omega t) \text{ V};$$

$$R_1 = 1k\Omega; R_2 = 3.3k\Omega; R_3 = 10k\Omega; R_4 = 18k\Omega;$$



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4. In the circuit shown in Fig. 4, assume that DC steady-state condition exist for t < 0. Determine at t = 0+, just after the switch is opened, the current through and voltage across the inductor and the capacitor and the current through R_{S2}. (20%)

$$V_{S1} = 15 \, \mathrm{V}; V_{S2} = 9 \, \mathrm{V}; R_{S1} = 130 \Omega; R_{S2} = 290 \Omega; R_1 = 1.1 \mathrm{k}\Omega; R_2 = 700 \Omega; C = 0.35 \mu \mathrm{F}$$

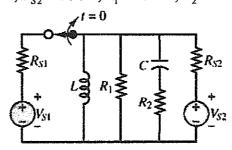


Figure 4.

- 5. The circuit in Fig. 5 is a common-emitter amplifier, where C_{C1} and C_{C2} are coupling capacitors. (20%)
 - (1) For a MOSFET with a threshold voltage of V_t , derive the maximum voltage gain for given V_{DD} and V_{GG} . (6%)
 - (2) Given that $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{GG} = 2 \text{ V}$, $k_n = 2 \text{ mA/V}^2$ and $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$, find the maximum voltage gain of the amplifier and the value of R_D in this case. (6%)
 - (3) A sinusoidal output with an amplitude of 1 V is needed for the amplifier. Using the same V_{DD} , V_{GG} , k_n and V_t in (2), find the maximum voltage gain and the value of R_D . (8%)

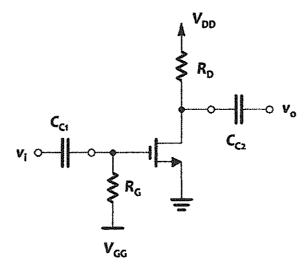


Figure 5.