

一、請解釋下列名詞在園藝學之意義：(每小題 3 分，計 30 分)

1. Active transport
2. Parthenocarpy
3. Xenia
4. Chilling requirement
5. Stratification
6. Etiolation
7. Degreening
8. Photoinhibition
9. Reactive oxygen species
10. Polyamine

二、鉀、鈣、鎂為植物生長所需的巨量元素。請問一般常用於診斷土壤及植物營養狀況的方式為何？請簡單說明操作方法。植物缺鈣時，容易於新葉及果實上顯現病徵；請由吸收、運移及分配等方面，說明果實為何較易發生缺鈣問題，而不易缺鉀與鎂。(10 分)

三、請翻譯或說明下列英文論文的標題文義。不需抄寫題目，但請清楚標記小題號。(每小題 2.5 分，計 10 分)

- (1) The effects of red, blue, and white light-emitting diodes on the growth, development, and edible quality of hydroponically grown lettuce (*Lactuca sativa* L. var. *capitata*)
- (2) Effect of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi on growth, mineral nutrition, antioxidant enzymes activity and fruit yield of tomato grown under salinity stress
- (3) Effects of deficit irrigation on biomass, yield, water productivity and fruit quality of processing tomato under semi-arid Mediterranean climate conditions
- (4) Selection of reference genes for real-time quantitative polymerase chain reaction analysis of light-dependent anthocyanin biosynthesis in chrysanthemum

四、請繪圖並說明溫室 Fan and Pad Cooling 系統降溫的原理。(10 分)

五、請說明 Crassulacean Acid Metabolism (CAM) 植物光合作用碳固定的代謝路徑。(15 分)

六、植物演化出那些機制以避免自交 (selfing) 現象？請條列說明，並各舉一種代表作物。(15 分)

七、那些園藝技術可以避免或減輕園產品日燒 (Sunburn)？請舉實例說明之。(10 分)

試題隨卷繳回