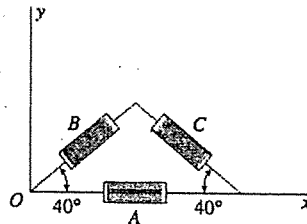


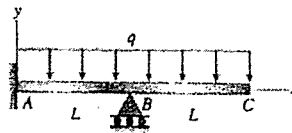
Question 1 (25%)

The strains on the surface of an experimental device made of pure aluminum ($E = 70 \text{ GPa}$, $\nu = 0.33$) and tested in a space shuttle were measured by means of strain gages. The gages were oriented as shown in the figure, and the measured strains were $\epsilon_a = 1100 \times 10^{-6}$, $\epsilon_b = 1496 \times 10^{-6}$, and $\epsilon_c = -39.44 \times 10^{-6}$. What is the maximum principal stress at this spot?



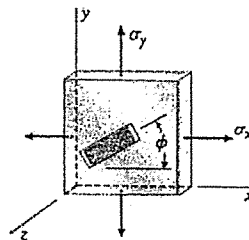
Question 2 (25%)

Using the moment-area method, determine the slope of the beam at B .



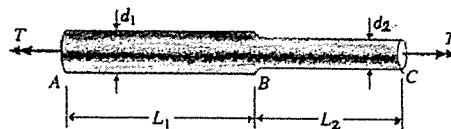
Question 3 (25%)

A brass plate with a modulus of elasticity $E = 110 \text{ GPa}$ and Poisson's ratio $\nu = 0.34$ is loaded in biaxial stress by normal stresses σ_x and σ_y . A strain gage is bonded to the plate at an angle $\phi = 35^\circ$. If the stress σ_x is 74 MPa and the strain measured by the gage is $\epsilon = 390 \times 10^{-6}$, what is the maximum in-plane shear stress?



Question 4 (25%)

A solid, circular bar ABC consists of two segments. One segment has a diameter of $d_1 = 56 \text{ mm}$ and length of $L_1 = 1.45 \text{ m}$. The other segment has a diameter of $d_2 = 48 \text{ mm}$ and length of $L_2 = 1.2 \text{ m}$. What is the allowable torque T_{allow} if the shear stress is not to exceed 30 MPa and the angle of twist between the ends of the bar is not to exceed 1.25° ? (Assume $G = 80 \text{ GPa}$)



試題隨卷繳回