

1. (20%) Find the characteristic polynomial, the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. (20%) Prove the following vector theorem:

if  $\nabla \cdot \vec{u} = 0$

and  $\nabla \times \vec{u} = \vec{\omega}$

then  $\nabla^2 \vec{u} = \nabla \cdot \nabla \vec{u} = -\vec{\omega}$  and write out in Cartesian components if

$$\vec{u} = u_1 \vec{i} + u_2 \vec{j} + u_3 \vec{k} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{\omega} = \omega_1 \vec{i} + \omega_2 \vec{j} + \omega_3 \vec{k}$$

Explain the physical meanings in fluid mechanics.

(Hint: use the vector identity of vector triple products

$$\vec{A} \times (\vec{B} \times \vec{C}) = (\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C})\vec{B} - (\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B})\vec{C} \quad )$$

3. (20%) Solve the following initial value problem by the Laplace transform method; plot the input, output graphs and also interpret the physical meanings in hydrology :

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \delta(t-1) - \delta(t-2)$$

$$y(0) = y'(0) = 0$$

where  $\delta$  is the Dirac delta function.

4. (20%) Find the Fourier series expansion of the following period function  $f(x)$ :

$$f(x) = x - 2L \quad 2L \leq x \leq 3L$$

$$= x - 4L \quad 3L \leq x \leq 4L$$

$$\text{and } f(x+2L) = f(x).$$

5. Solve the following partial differential equation in a square cavity by using separation of variables and Fourier series expansion method

$$\nabla^2 u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad \text{and} \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1.$$

- (a) (10%) Subject to the boundary conditions (BCs):

$$u(x,0) = u(0,y) = u(1,y) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad u(x,1) = 1$$

what is the name of this equation, and where it appears in

engineering?

- (b) (10%) Subject to the BCs:  $u(0,y) = u(x,0) = 0$  and  $u(x,1) = u(1,y) = 1$ .

(Hint: use the superposition principle)

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