題號: 64

國立臺灣大學 110 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目:地球物理學

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頁之第

1.	Please describe the main differences between the hypothesis of "Continental Drift" and theory of "Plate
	Tectonics". (10 pts)

- 2. Based on global observations, the ocean floor at age of 60 Ma is 5 km deep. For older ocean floor of 120 Ma, the depth of the floor is expected to be \_\_\_\_\_? According to the instantaneous half-space cooling model and isostatic compensation, the "predicted" depth for such 120-Ma-old ocean floor is more likely be \_\_\_\_\_? Choose the closest answer from below: (A) 5 km unchanged; (B) slightly deeper as 5.5 km; (C) approaching to 7 km; (D) doubled to 10 km. (5 pts each, 10 pts total)
- 3. Please explain
  - (1) Bouguer anomaly
  - (2) Lherzolite
  - (3) Mantle transition zone
  - (4) Elastic thickness of lithosphere (5 pts each, 20 pts total)
- 4. What are the main composition of the Earth's core? As the Earth cools, the size of inner core should be growing or not? Please draw a depth-temperature diagram to illustrate/explain your arguments. (10 pts)
- 5. 請舉數例說明地震學的發現對於板塊構造學說的貢獻 (15 pts)
- 6. 請說明地震波頻譜中的 corner frequency 與地震規模大小的關係, 以及其所依據的基本原理 (10 pts)
- 7. 請說明地震波中兩種體波(body waves)與兩種表面波(surface waves)的特性,並比較其間的差異 (15 pts)
- 8. 請解釋 (1) Seismogenic zone (2) Earthquake directivity (5 pts each)

## 試題隨卷繳回