國立臺灣大學 108 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目:電磁學(B)

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1. (15%) A circular loop of wire of radius a is situated in the xy-plane with its center at the origin. It carries a current I in the clockwise sense as seen along the positive z-axis. Find the magnetic flux density  $\vec{B}$  due to the current loop at a point on the z-axis.

2. (15%) The forces experienced by a test charge q at a point in a region of electric and magnetic fields  $\vec{E}$  and  $\vec{B}$ , respectively, are given as follows.

$$\vec{F}_1 = 0$$
 for  $\vec{v}_1 = v_0 \vec{a}_x$   
 $\vec{F}_2 = 0$  for  $\vec{v}_2 = v_0 \vec{a}_y$   
 $\vec{F}_3 = qE_0 \vec{a}_z$  for  $\vec{v}_3 = v_0 (\vec{a}_x + 3\vec{a}_y)$ 

where  $v_0$  and  $E_0$  are constants. Find the force experienced by a test charge q at that point for the velocity  $\vec{v}_4 = v_0 (3\vec{a}_x + \vec{a}_y)/5$ .

- 3. (15%) A magnetic field is given in the xz-plane by  $\vec{B} = (B_0/x)\vec{a}_y$  Wb/m². Consider a rigid rectangular loop situated in the xz-plane with its corners at  $(x_0, 0, z_0)$ ,  $(x_0, 0, z_0+b)$ ,  $(x_0+a, 0, z_0+b)$ , and  $(x_0+a, 0, z_0)$ . Find the induced emf if the loop is moving with the velocity  $\vec{v} = v_0 \vec{a}_x$  m/s.
- 4. (15%) A coaxial cable consists of an inner conductor of radius 3a and an outer conductor of inner radius 4a and outer radius 5a. Assume the cable to be infinitely long and its axis to be along the z-axis. Current I flows with uniform density in the +z-direction in the inner conductor and returns with uniform density in the -z-direction in the outer conductor. Find  $\vec{H}$  everywhere.
- 5. (15%) The electric field of a uniform plane wave in free space is given by

$$\vec{E} = E_0 \cos(\omega t - \beta z) \vec{a}_x - E_0 \cos(\omega t - \beta z + \pi/2) \vec{a}_y \quad V/m$$

- (a) Find the polarization of the wave.
- (b) Find the associated magnetic field  $\vec{H}$ .
- (c) Find the instantaneous Poynting vector.
- 6. (25%) The electric field of a uniform plane wave propagating in a perfect dielectric medium having  $\mu = \mu_0$  is given by

$$\vec{E} = 2\cos(3 \times 10^6 t + 0.1x)\vec{a}_z$$
 V/m

- (a) (9%) Find the frequency, the wavelength, and the phase velocity.
- (b) (6%) Find the permittivity and the intrinsic impedance of the medium.
- (c) (5%) Find the associated magnetic field  $\ddot{H}$ .
- (d) (5%) Find the time-average Poynting vector.