## 國立臺灣大學 109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 英文(A)

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1. By nine in the n	norning the fake, c	ountry-wet freshnes	s that somehow seeped in overnight like the tail end of	a enre
dream.			into the old of	a swc
	(B) executed	(C) entailed	(D) ensued	
2. In the early refo	rm years, many sn	nall-scale entreprene	eurial ventures were by unemployed citizens.	
		(C) swaggered		
3. Predominantly ı	neducated and lac	king cultural capital	, these were greeted by intellectuals with disdain.	
		(C) upstarts		
4. The students we	re all	from the news that	they had won all the lottery.	
•		(C) rebounding	•	
5. Situated at exact	tly 5,280 feet abov	e sea level, Denver	is the Mile-High city, jam-packed with all the outdoor to	hrille
	of a mountain-base		Passes Will the Outtion in	
_		•	ted (D) unaffectionate	
6. The translator no	ot only translates t	he text but recreates	the and tonality of the original work.	
(A) coterie		(C) simulations	(D) nuances	
7. A coherent wast	e and resources str	ategy is one that	reducing the environmental impact of the things we buy, n	ot
simply reducing pl	astic use.			
(A) prioritizes	(B) exhilarates	(C) encloses	(D) abridges	
8. His direct, often	abrasive approach	will doubtless	a few feathers.	
(A) dominate	(B) ruffle	(C) slam	(D) batter	
9. He soon fell asle	eep, but woke up w	vith a w	when his grandmother screamed with pain.	
(A) start	(B) stomp	(C) steam	(D) strike	
10. The strong typl	noon made	on Monday ev	vening, leading to flooding that caused a number of fatalities, including	ng
dozens of injuries.	•			Ū
(A) landowner	(B) landfill	(C) landmass	(D) landfall	
l 1. A smoker may	create smoke rings	by taking smoke in	to their mouth and it with a tongue flick, by closing the	jaw,
apping the cheek,	or producing a sud	lden burst of air with	n the lungs and throat.	•
A) excruciating	(B) extinguishing	(C) expelling	(D) expunging	
12. Kevin couldn't	put the	novel down until	he had finished it.	
(A) compensating	(B) compelling	(C) compliant	(D) complacent	
13. John felt really	sad at the	reviews her de	but book received.	
(A) persistent	(B) benevolent	(C) auspicious	(D) withering	
			見背面	

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ndangered speci		(C) fissure	(D) sanction
A) haven	(B) plight	(C) fissure	(D) Sauction
5. The toothless	man came	up to them, po	ointing at an old boat bobbing in the water.
A) debilitating	(B) revered	(C) ambling	(D) skimped
,	` '		
I. Grammar: S	elect the most ap	propriate item to co	emplete the following sentences (30%)
6. During the ea	arly years of the Cu	ultural Revolution, d	ried mushrooms on dinner tables were an unheard-of luxury,
A) thinking por	k chops		
B) pork chops the	ninkable		
C) pork chops u	nthinkable		
D) unthinkable	pork chops		
D\ aliaha4			
B) slithered C) slither D) slithers			
C) slither D) slithers 8. Part-time job			lls, include time-management, organization and communicatio
C) slither D) slithers 8. Part-time job		ety of invaluable skil in a potential emplo	
C) slither D) slithers 8. Part-time job	ny employers seek		
C) slither D) slithers Solution (C) slithers	ny employers seek		
C) slither D) slithers  8. Part-time job kills, which ma A) some where B) where C) some of whi	ny employers seek		
C) slither D) slithers Solution (C) slithers	ny employers seek		
C) slither D) slithers  8. Part-time job kills, which ma A) some where B) where C) some of which D) of which	ny employers seek ch	in a potential emplo	
C) slither D) slithers  8. Part-time job kills, which ma A) some where B) where C) some of which D) of which	ny employers seek ch	in a potential emplo	yee.
C) slither D) slithers  (8. Part-time jobskills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which  (A) resign (B) resigning	ny employers seek ch e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	yee.
C) slither D) slithers  18. Part-time job skills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which  19. For the futur (A) resign (B) resigning (C) would resign	ny employers seek ch e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	yee.
C) slither D) slithers  (8. Part-time jobskills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which  (A) resign (B) resigning	ny employers seek ch e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	yee.
C) slither D) slithers  (8. Part-time jobskills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which (A) resign (B) resigning (C) would resign (D) be resigning	ny employers seek ch e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	yee.
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C) slither D) slithers  (8. Part-time jobskills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which  (A) resign (B) resigning (C) would resign (D) be resigning	ny employers seek ch e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	erative that the CEO now.
C) slither D) slithers  (8. Part-time jobskills, which ma (A) some where (B) where (C) some of which (D) of which  (A) resign (B) resigning (C) would resign (D) be resigning (D) be resigning (D) susan will b (A) in case	ny employers seek  ch  e well-being of ou	in a potential emplo	erative that the CEO now.

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21. The girl entered the room hesitantly, her arms to her sides, her indifferent, like a captured bird.	shoulders hunched; she looked both trightened and
indication, into a captaroa bita.	•
(A) closes	
(B) closing	
C) closed	
D) close	
22. I prefer the poetry of this new professor, who relied heavily on images to	evoke ideas, , who employed elaborate
lescription and philosophy.	
A) to those of the old professor	
B) to that of the old professor	
C) than those of the old professor	
D) than that of the old professor	
23. F. Scott Fitzgerald, Sherwood Anderson, James Joyce, Ezra Pound, and G	ertrude Stein are among those usually
nfluencing Hemingway's early writing.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A) credited with	
B) credited for	
C) credited	
D) crediting	
B) are	
B) are C) was	
B) are C) was D) were	od oppingt you in pourt of law. Wou have
B) are C) was D) were 5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use	ed against you in court of law. You have a
B) are C) was D) were 5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you.	ed against you in court of law. You have a
B) are C) was D) were S. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right	ed against you in court of law. You havea
B) are C) was D) were S. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of	ed against you in court of law. You have a
B) are C) was D) were 5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with	ed against you in court of law. You havea
A) is B) are C) was D) were 25. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use attorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with D) the right to	ed against you in court of law. You have a
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B) are C) was D) were  5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with D) the right to  6. The lawyer emphasized the ill-treatment and threats that his client was lient would not be able to return to work after the incident. A) subject to	· -
B) are C) was D) were  5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with D) the right to  6. The lawyer emphasized the ill-treatment and threats that his client was lient would not be able to return to work after the incident. A) subject to B) subjecting to	
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B) are C) was D) were 5. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be use ttorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with D) the right to 6. The lawyer emphasized the ill-treatment and threats that his client was lient would not be able to return to work after the incident. A) subject to B) subjecting to C) subjected to	
B) are C) was D) were S. You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can, and will, be used attorney. If you cannot afford one, one will be appointed to you. A) the right B) the right of C) the right with D) the right to G. The lawyer emphasized the ill-treatment and threats that his client was lient would not be able to return to work after the incident. A) subject to B) subjecting to C) subjected to	

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27. Convicted sex offer	nders on the register	are reside	ency restrictions, which prevent them from living near places where
children congregate - li	ike schools, parks ar	nd even bus stops.	
(A) subject to			
(B) subjecting to			
(C) subjected to			
(D) subjected			
28. According to the ne	ew manager, the bos	s has given us	work to do.
(A) yet			
(B) yet more			
(C) more yet		•	
(D) as yet			
29. Her performance is	s a combination of g	race and fury,	athleticism, and enchanting artistry.
(A) jaw-dropping			
(B) jaw-drop			
(C) dropping-jaw			
(D) drop-jaw			
20. The much heleved	othloto'a long torm	nonulority was as ar	eat,, outside his own country.
(A) if not	atmete's fong-term	popularity was as gr	eat,, outside his own country.
(B) if not greater		\$	
(C) greater if not			
(D) greater not			
(B) greater not	-		
III. Cloze Test: Select	t the most appropri	iate item for each b	lank (30%)
Passage I.			
The Ring of Fire, also	referred to as the Ci	rcum-Pacific Belt, is	s a path (31) the Pacific Ocean characterized by active
<u> </u>	-	· -	arth's volcanoes—more than 450 volcanoes—are located along the
I		-	g its path, including the planet's most violent and dramatic seismic
	<del></del>		the Ring of Fire is caused by the amount of movement of tectonic
plates in the area. Alor	ng much of the Ring	of Fire, plates overl	ap at (33) boundaries called subduction zones. That is, the
F	<del></del>		plate above. As rock is subducted, it melts and becomes magma. The
magma so near to Eart	h's surface gives ris	e to conditions	for volcanic activity. A significant exception is the border
			f the Ring of Fire is a transform boundary, where plates move sideways
past one another. This	type of boundary ge	enerates a large num	ber of earthquakes as (35) in Earth's crust builds up and is
released.			
31. (A) along	(B) alone	(C) align	(D) alive
32. (A) concordance	(B) attendance	(C) impedance	(D) abundance
33. (A) intransigent	(B) negligent	(C) convergent	(D) stringent
34. (A) rope	(B) cape	(C) ripe	(D) pipe
35. (A) illusion	(B) tension	(C) depression	(D) admission
		• •	

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P	assage II.						
A	Altruism is acting or	ıt of <u>(36)</u>	for another's well-l	being. Often, people behave altruistically when they see others in desperate			
c	ircumstances and fe	eel <u>(37)</u>	and a desire to help.	"Reciprocal altruism" is a term used by evolutionary biologists and			
psychologists to characterize the decision to help with an expectation that one will receive some benefit or to oneself.							
E	even when people d	on't expect recogn	nition or reward for a	good deed, however, they often feel energized and happy afterward, a			
s	ensation sometimes	called the "helper	's high." Cooperative	e behavior allowed our ancestors to survive under harsh conditions, and it			
S1	till serves a purpose	in a highly comp	lex society. Humans	aren't the only animals who behave altruistically, though. Many species			
b	benefit when individual organisms (39) personal costs and act in service of the larger group. What kind of people behave						
altruistically toward those who are not in their immediate social or familial circle? There are likely many factors that underlie							
altruistic tendencies, though research suggests that people who are more grounded in the present and people who have fewer							
re	esources may be me	ore <u>(40)</u>	to acts of altruism.				
3	6. (A) conduit	(B) concern	(C) convict	(D) contour			
3	7. (A) telepathy	(B) antipathy	(C) apathy	(D) empathy			
3	8. (A) payoff	(B) standoff	(C) blastoff	(D) layoff			
3	9. (A) disregard	(B) dispend	(C) dismay	(D) disrupt			
4	0. (A) profound	(B) proof	(C) prone	(D) proper			
ļ	Passage III						
t	War can have a devastating impact not just on human life, but also on the environment. More than two thirds of the world's						
1	• -	-		ween 1950 and 2000, with many seeing repeated outbreaks, according to			
1	2			(41) particular threats to flora and fauna. But when the conflict			
ı	· ·			expected sanctuaries for wildlife can appear in their (43). In 1953,			
hostilities between warring North Korea and South Korea ended when an armistice agreement was signed. It mapped out a							
1	•	,		0 kilometers long and on average 4 kilometers wide.			
Т	J J 1		•	arely allowed into the DMZ, but troops have found evidence of rare Asiatic			
-	·	-		nountain goat) living there. "We call the region an accidental paradise," says			
1				campaigns to protect the area's ecological and cultural (44). The			
1		•	•	ave protected status. White-naped cranes and black-faced spoonbills are			
ļ		***************************************	(C) paste	g the minefields and abandoned towns.  (D) probe			
- 1	. , ,	(B) poise	(C) paste (C) retreat	· · · -			
- [	` '	(B) retard	` ,	(D) retract			
ı	` '	(B) wire	(C) will (C) deputy	(D) wage (D) tenure			
- 1	14. (A) withdrawal		(C) deputy (C) reflex	(D) refuge			
ľ	45. (A) confection	(B) canopy	(C) Tellex	(D) letuge			
	Reading Compreh	ension: Read the	following article an	nd select the best answer for each question. (10%)			
- 1	-		_	m goldfish cells – was produced in 2000. The following year, Nasa began			
funding research into growing meat from turkey cells so its astronauts could enjoy a Thanksgiving dinner in space. These							
experimental attempts soon gave way to a culinary race, with companies to be the first to bring "clean meat" to the mass							
- 1	market. That race is now entering its final lap, with the front runners predicting they could have cultured meat on restaurant menus by						
- 1	the end of this year, once a regulatory framework is agreed upon. "Step one is producing products like nuggets, ground chicken and						
ı	ground beef; that's the way to think about the path of cultured meats," explains Joshua Tetrick, chief executive of San Francisco's						
ſ	Just, Inc. After successfully finding a plant-based alternative to the conventional egg in the form of a scrambled mung bean, Just						
- 1	turned its attention to cultured meats, and is now one of the companies leading the way. "The next stage will be the more structured						
- 1				ke that require a lot more development; they are a little bit further out."			
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But just how far out are we talking? In June, global consultancy AT Kearney predicted that by the year 2040, 60 percent of all meat consumed globally would not come from slaughtered animals. Rather, the bulk of our diets will be made up of a mix of cultured and plant-based meat substitutes. This timeframe was reached through a series of interviews with industry experts, as well as by looking at the amount of recent investment from around the globe in sustainable meat alternatives — \$1 billion in the last year. "The large-scale livestock industry is viewed by many as an unnecessary evil," the report says. "With the advantages of novel vegan meat replacements and cultured meat over conventionally produced meat, it is only a matter of time before they capture a substantial market share."

But will that "substantial market share" ever be enough to topple the 2.4-million-year-old human habit of eating slaughtered animals, an industry that last year alone turned over \$1 trillion worldwide? "The problem with cultured meat is it's just hypothetical for the most part right now," says Tetrick. And the concept of eating flesh grown by scientists in a lab is, understandably, acutely alien in the minds of many. "There have been a lot of surveys done, and people are seemingly becoming more accepting," he adds, "but

- 46. Which of the following could be the title for this article?
  - (A) Is lab-grown meat part of our future diet?
  - (B) Lab-grown meat will replace slaughtered animals in 2040.
  - (C) Problems with lab-grown meat.
  - (D) People's reaction to lab-grown meat today.
- 47. According to the article, which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - (A) The first lab-grown meat was developed by NASA for astronauts.
  - (B) By 2040, all meat will be produced in the lab environment.
  - (C) Human beings hate the unnecessary evil of killing animals.
  - (D) Just is one of the companies that have been devoted to the development of lab-grown meat.
- 48. Which of the following words can be used to replace the blank in the first paragraph?
  - (A) revolting
  - (B) vying
  - (C) vanishing
  - (D) wiggling
- 49. Which of the following statements can replace the long blank at the end of the article?
  - (A) companies such as Just believe that investment could come from countries with both the capital and a vested interest in food security
  - (B) a survey is not the same as putting it on a menu or in a grocery store that's totally different
  - (C) there's a real opportunity to make this a big thing
  - (D) these changing diets have forced the food industry's hand, with more vegan options than ever before, particularly when it comes to the rapidly growing business of mock meat
- 50. Which of the following best describes the tone of the last paragraph?
  - (A) sarcastic
  - (B) nervous
  - (C) optimistic
  - (D) skeptical