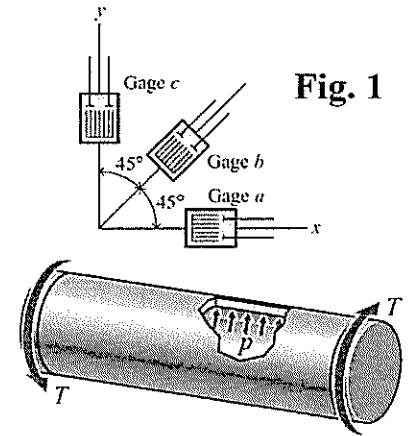


Problem 1 (25%)

The thin-walled cylindrical pressure vessel as shown in Fig. 1 has an inside diameter of 20 in. and a wall thickness of 3/8 in. The vessel is subjected to an internal pressure of p and a torque of T . At a point on the outside surface of the steel ($E = 30,000$ ksi and $\nu = 0.30$) vessel, the strain rosette as shown above the vessel was used to obtain the following normal strain data: $\epsilon_a = +36 \mu\text{in./in.}$, $\epsilon_b = +310 \mu\text{in./in.}$, and $\epsilon_c = +150 \mu\text{in./in.}$ Gage a and c are oriented in the axial and hoop directions of the vessel, respectively. Determine the pressure p and the torque T .

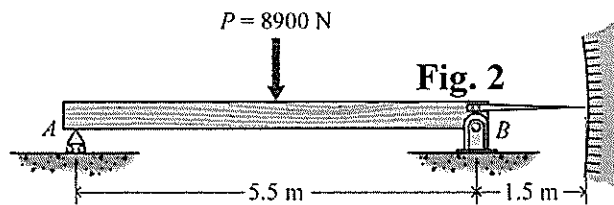


Problem 2 (25%)

A timber beam 150 mm wide \times 300 mm deep is loaded and supported as shown in Fig. 2 below. The modulus of elasticity of the timber is 10 GPa. A pointer is attached to the right end of the beam. The load acts at the midpoint of the span.

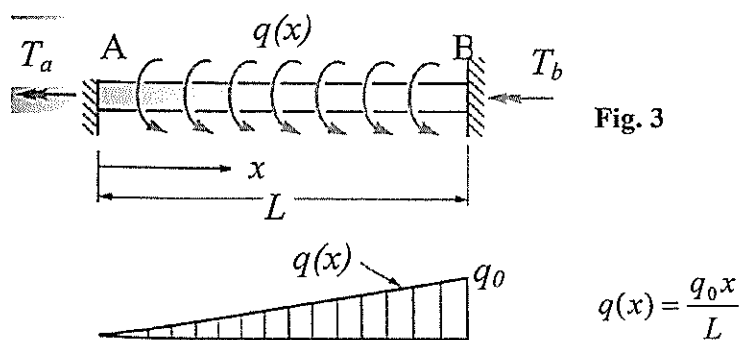
Determine

- (a) The deflection of the right end of the pointer.
- (b) The maximum deflection of the beam.



Problem 3 (24%)

A circular bar AB of polar moment of inertia I_p and length L is fixed at both ends (see Fig. 3). A distributed torque $q(x)$ acts along the length of the bar and varies linearly in intensity from zero at A to q_0 at B. Obtain formulas for the fixed-end torques T_a and T_b .



Problem 4 (26%)

See Fig. 4

- (a) Determine the equation of deflection curve $v(x)$ for a simple beam AB supporting a uniform load of intensity q . (10 pts)
- (b) Determine the maximum deflection δ at the middle of the beam. (6 pts)
- (c) Determine the angle of rotation θ_a at support A. (5 pts)
- (d) Determine the angle of rotation θ_b at support B. (5 pts)

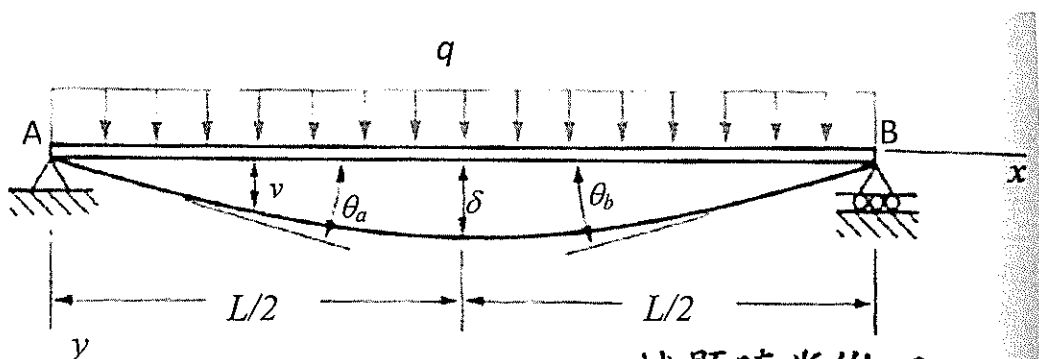


Fig. 4

試題隨卷繳回