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國立臺灣大學 107 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 工程數學(G)

題號:272

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1. Given an $n \times n$ matrix **A** with real entries such that $\mathbf{A}^2 = -\mathbf{I}$, where **I** is an identity matrix.

- (a) (5%). Show that A is nonsingular.
- (b) (5%). Show that n is even.
- (c) (5%). Show that A has no real eigenvalues.
- 2. Suppose $u = x_1^3 x_2^3 + x_3^2$, $v = x_1 + x_2 + x_3$.
 - (a) (5%). Find $\nabla u \times \nabla v$.
 - (b) (10%). Suppose $\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ f(x_1, x_2, x_3) \\ -2x_1x_3 + x_1^3 \end{pmatrix}$. Find a $f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$ such that $\nabla \times \mathbf{F} = \text{curl } \mathbf{F} = \nabla u \times \nabla v$.
 - (c) (5%). Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S (\nabla u \times \nabla v) g \mathbf{n} dS$, where S is the hemisphere $x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = 1$, $x_3 \ge 0$ and \mathbf{n} is the unit outward normal with a non-negative x_3 -component.
- 3. Let y = y(x) be a function of the variable x.
 - (a) (15%) Find the general solution of the following differential equation, in power series form, near x = 0y'' + xy' - 3y = x, x > 0
 - (b) (15%) Find the general solution of the following differential-integral equation

$$x^2y' - 4xy + 6\int_0^x y(\xi)d\xi = x^2$$
, $x > 0$

4. The fluctuation of pressure (p) about ambient during one-dimensional acoustic vibration in a tube with length L can be described by the wave equation:

$$c^2 \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial t^2} = 0$$

where c is the speed of sound in the fluid.

(a) (20%) Solve the acoustic wave equation subject to the conditions below

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}(0,t) = 0, \ p(L,t) = 0, \ p(x,0) = f(x), \ \frac{\partial p}{\partial t}(x,0) = 0$$

(b) (5%) The fluid velocity *u* in the *x*-direction is related to the pressure through the momentum equation (with inviscid approximation) as

$$\rho \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}$$

where ρ is the fluid density. Find the velocity field u.

(c) (10%) Plot the first two modes of the velocity (u) distribution in the tube $0 \le x \le L$. Where are the points of the maximum velocity?

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