

1. (15%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a population with finite moments  $\mu_j = E[X_1^j]$ ,  $j = 1, 2, 3, 4$ , and  $S_n^2$  be the usual unbiased sample variance. Compute the mean squared error of  $S_n^2$ .
2. (10%) Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be mutually independent continuous random variables with the distributions  $F_X(x)$  and  $F_Y(y)$ , respectively. Derive the distribution of  $X$  conditioning on  $\{Z = 0\}$ , where  $Z = I(X \leq Y)$ .
3. (10%) Let  $X$  be a random variable with the cumulative distribution function  $F(x)$ . Show that  $P(F(X) > u) \geq (1 - u)$  for  $u \in (0, 1)$ .
4. (10%) Specify the joint distribution of  $R$  and  $\Theta$  so that  $X = R \cos \Theta$  and  $Y = R \sin \Theta$  are independent standard normal random variables.
5. (15%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n, X_{n+1}$  be a random sample from a uniform distribution  $U(0, 1)$ , and  $X_{(k)}$  and  $X_{(m)}$  be the  $k$ th and the  $m$ th order statistics of  $\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$ ,  $1 < k < m < n$ . Compute the probability  $P(X_{(k)} < X_{n+1} < X_{(m)})$ .
6. (15%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_{n+1}$  be a random sample from *Bernoulli*( $\pi$ ) and  $h(\pi) = P(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i > X_{n+1} | \pi)$ . Find the uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimator of  $h(\pi)$ .
7. (15%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a Poisson distribution with rate  $\lambda$ . Derive the uniformly most powerful level  $\alpha$  test,  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , for the hypotheses  $H_0 : \lambda = \lambda_0$  versus  $H_A : \lambda > \lambda_0$ .
8. (10%). Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a normal distribution with mean  $\theta$  and a known variance  $\sigma^2$ , and  $\theta$  have a prior normal distribution with known mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\tau^2$ . Find the Bayes estimator of  $\theta$  based on the loss function  $L(\theta, \delta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) = |\delta(X_1, \dots, X_n) - \theta|$