

- (8%) The mean solar flux at the Earth's surface is about $2.0 \text{ J/cm}^2/\text{min}$. Using a solar collector, the temperature of the device can reach $85.0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. A heat engine is operated using the collector as the hot reservoir and a cold reservoir at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. What area of the collector is needed to produce 746 W ? Assume the engine operates at the maximum Carnot efficiency.
- (9%) An automobile tire contains air at $2.25 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$ pressure and temperature of $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The stem valve is removed and air flows out adiabatically against a constant external pressure of 1 bar . The final pressure of the air is 1 bar . What is the final temperature? For air, the molar constant volume heat capacity is $2.5R$ where R is the ideal gas constant.
- (8%) Calculate ΔG and ΔS for mixing 1 mole of He (gas), 3.0 mole of Ne (gas), 2.0 mole of Ar (gas), and 2.5 mole of Xe (gas) at $T = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $P = 1 \text{ bar}$.
- For the reaction, $\text{FeO}(s) + \text{CO}(g) \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}(s) + \text{CO}_2(g)$, the equilibrium constants (expressed in species partial pressures) at two temperatures have been determined to be 0.688 at $700 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and 0.310 at $1200 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.
 - (9%) Calculate ΔG° , ΔH° , ΔS° of the reaction at $700 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The standard pressure P° is 1 bar .
 - (8%) Calculate the mole fraction of CO_2 gas in the gas phase at $700 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.
- (8%) The vapor pressure over ice has been measured at different temperatures. At $-53 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, it is 2.732 torr and at $-43 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, it is 9.195 torr . Determine the enthalpy of sublimation of ice in this region of temperature.
- (8%) A 2-cm diameter spherical ball made of stainless steel (density = 7.90 g/cm^3) is dropped at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ through glycerol (viscosity = 10690 millipoise , density = 1.2613 g/cm^3). What is the expected terminal velocity of the ball?
- Co and Ni have very similar standard reduction potentials at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$:

$$\text{Ni}^{2+}(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Ni}(s) \quad E_{\text{red}}^\circ = -0.250 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Co}^{2+}(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Co}(s) \quad E_{\text{red}}^\circ = -0.277 \text{ V}$$
 - (8%) What is the equilibrium constant for $\text{Ni}^{2+} + \text{Co} \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni} + \text{Co}^{2+}$?
 - (8%) For the cell $\text{Co}(s) | \text{Co}^{2+}(aq, a = 1) || \text{Ni}^{2+}(aq, a = 0.01) | \text{Ni}(s)$ with ion activities as shown, what is the spontaneous net reaction that would occur if current was allowed to flow between the metal electrodes?
- (10%) The reaction that transforms ozone into dioxygen, $\text{O}_3 + \text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{O}_2$, is catalyzed by chlorinated species. The mechanism is

$$\text{Cl} + \text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{k_1} \text{ClO} + \text{O}_2$$

$$\text{ClO} + \text{O} \xrightarrow{k_2} \text{Cl} + \text{O}_2$$
 Solve for the rate law at steady state in terms of the reactants ($[\text{O}_3]$ and $[\text{O}]$) and the total concentration of chlorine $[\text{Cl}]_{\text{tot}}$ which is defined as $[\text{Cl}]_{\text{tot}} = [\text{ClO}] + [\text{Cl}]$.
- (8%) The adsorptions of two gases, A and B, are described well by the Langmuir isotherm with the Langmuir constant $b_A = 0.85$ and $b_B = 1.75 \text{ kPa}^{-1}$ at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Calculate the total pressure of a $50:50$ mixture of these gases at which the fractional coverage of gas A is 0.15 .
- (8%) The self-diffusion coefficient of pure water at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ is determined to be $2.25 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$. Under these conditions, determine the diameter of a water molecule, assuming it is a sphere.