## 國立臺灣大學103學年度轉學生招生考試試題

題號: 40

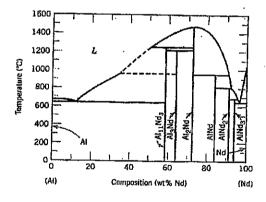
科目:材料科學導論

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Describe tensile test, fracture toughness test and creep test, respectively. What data can you obtained from these tests? What is the difference(s) between tensile strength and creep strength? (10%)

- 2. Explain and make simple schematic diagrams of two types of dislocations. Why brittle fracture is widely observed in ceramic materials. In contrast, most metallic alloys show good plasticity. (5%)
- 3. Briefly explain recovery, recrystallization and grain growth of a polycrystal engineering alloy. What is the major difference between hot forging and cold forging? (10%)
- 4. Explain TTT and CCT diagrams, respectively. What's the major difference(s) between them? Is the CCT diagram available for aluminum alloys? Why? For a high strength low alloy steel, and, for each, the intended final microstructure: full annealing, normalizing, austempering, quench and tempering. (15%)
- 5. Explain diffusion mechanisms of the engineering alloys. Please write down Fick's 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> law, and explain the difference between them. (10%)
- 6. For polymer materials, explain melting, glass transition and viscoelastic deformation, respectively. (10%)
- 7. Explain the difference between electronic conduction and ionic conduction of the materials. What is the "Hall effect"? (10%)
- 8. Explain "soft" and "hard" magnetic materials. Please also include at lease one example for them. (10%)
- 9. Please describe phase rule. The figure attached below is the Al-Nd phase diagram, for which only single phase regions are labeled. Please specify all invariant reactions in the diagram. (10%)



10. Explain Pilling-Bedworth ratio, and its relation with oxidation kinetics of metals. How polymers degrade in applications. (10%)

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