題號: 41

國立臺灣大學 113 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目:高等微積分

共 | 頁之第 | 頁

節次: 1

## ※ 注意:請於試卷內之「非選擇題作答區」標明題號依序作答。

- 1. (15 points) Determine whether the sequence  $(\cos(\pi\sqrt{n^2+n}))_{n=1}^{\infty}$  is convergent or not. Justify your answer.
- 2. For x > 1, define

$$F(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-x}.$$

- (a) (5 points) Prove the for any  $\delta > 0$  this series converges uniformly on the interval  $[1 + \delta, \infty)$ .
- (b) (5 points) Using (a), show that F is continuous on the interval  $(1, \infty)$ .
- (c) (5 points) Is F continuously differentiable on  $(1, \infty)$ ? If yes, prove your assertion and compute its derivative (you may leave the answer in terms of a series). If no, explain the reason.
- 3. (20 points) Let  $f:[0,1]\to\mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{q} & \text{if } x = \frac{p}{q} \in \mathbb{Q} \cap [0, 1], \text{ where } \gcd(p, q) = 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Prove that f is Riemann integrable and compute  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ .

4. Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x,y) \neq (0,0), \\ 0 & \text{if } x = y = 0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) (12 points) Show that all second order partial derivatives of f exist everywhere.
- (b) (3 points) Is it true that  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}$ ? Justify your answer.
- 5. Define H to be the following space of sequences:

$$H = \{(x_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} : -2^{-n} \le x_n \le 2^{-n} \text{ for all } n \ge 1\}.$$

Consider the function  $d: H \times H \to \mathbb{R}$ , defined by

$$d((x_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}, (y_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}) = \sup_{n \ge 1} |x_n - y_n|.$$

- (a) (2 points) Show that d is a metric on H.
- (b) (18 points) Prove that every sequence of elements in H has a convergent subsequence with respect to the metric d.
- 6. (15 points) Suppose that  $f:[0,1]\to\mathbb{R}$  is a continuous function such that

$$\int_0^1 (3x+1)^n f(x) dx = 0 \quad \text{for all } n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}.$$

Show that f(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ .

## 試題隨卷繳回