

1. (24%) Solve the following initial value problems where the prime sign indicates differentiation with respect to time t .

(a) $y' + y = (2 \cos t)H(t - \pi)$, $y(0) = 1$ in which H is a Heaviside unit step function. (6%)

(b) $y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0$, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$. (6%)

(c) $y'' + 3y' + 2y = \delta(t)$, $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ in which δ is a Dirac delta function. (6%)

(d) $y'' + 3y' + 2y = \frac{1}{1 + e^t}$, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$. (6%)

2. (10%) If $f(x) = |x|$, $-1 \leq x \leq 1$, find and write out explicitly the beginning (or lower) four terms of its Fourier series.

3. (17%) Transform a third-order linear differential equation $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$ into a system of first-order simultaneous linear differential equations, and use only the matrix method to solve the problem.

4. (16%) Use Laplace transform to solve the following partial differential equation of vibration:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} &= a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad x > 0 \text{ and } t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) &= 0, \quad u_t(x, 0) = b, \quad x > 0 \\ u(0, t) &= t, \quad t > 0. \end{aligned}$$

5. (15%) Evaluate the integral

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma - i\infty}^{\gamma + i\infty} \frac{e^{\sigma t}}{\sqrt{\sigma}} d\sigma,$$

where i is the imaginary unit and the value of γ is some constant. Show all details of your derivations.

[Hint: $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-\tau} \tau^{x-1} d\tau$ and $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.]

6. (18%) Using the following relation, namely

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = \lim_{\Delta V \rightarrow 0} \frac{\oint_A \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A}}{\Delta V},$$

where A is the surface enclosing the volume ΔV , expand and explicitly write out $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}$ in spherical $r - \theta - \phi$ coordinates. Note that $\mathbf{B} = B_r \mathbf{i}_r + B_\theta \mathbf{i}_\theta + B_\phi \mathbf{i}_\phi$. Show all details to get full credit.